

Neither the PaedF working party nor the EDQM make any recommendation to use the below listed drugs for experimental treatment of COVID-19. Available knowledge is limited. The prescriber remains responsible to make an individual assessment of risks and benefits for each patient.

Product	Strength	How to Formulate	Excipients <sup>+</sup>	Comments			
Chloroquine sulphate							
Expert opinion for extemporaneous preparation: chloroquine sulfate is a highly soluble drug (BCS class I ( <i>Verbeeck RK, Junginger HE, Midha KK et al. J Pharm Sci 2005;94(7):1389-95</i> .)). It is expected that manipulation of the formulation will have a minimal impact on bioavailability. Caution: when manipulating tablets, be aware of the moiety (e.g. 136 mg chloroquine sulfate equals 100 mg chloroquine base).							
Oral syrup							
Nivaquine <sup>®</sup>	5 mg/mL chloroquine (base) oral solution (Sanofi, FR), corresp. 6.81 mg/mL chloroquine sulfate		purified water citric acid monohydrate caramel flavor (E150) coffee dry extract sucrose	Protect from light			
Tablets							
Nivaquine <sup>®</sup> (FR)	100 mg chloroquine (base) corresp. to 136 mg chloroquine sulfate		gelatin sucrose wheat starch magnesium stearate silica hydrated				
Chloroquine phosphate	)						
Expert opinion for extemporaneous preparation: chloroquine phosphate is a highly soluble drug (BCS class I ( <i>Verbeeck RK, Junginger HE, Midha KK et al. J Pharm Sci 2005;94(7):1389-95</i> .)). It is expected that manipulation of the formulation will have minimal impact on bioavailability. The extemporaneously prepared oral liquids described in literature show that tablets can be processed in various aqueous bases. When the described commercialised bases are unavailable, it is expected that every aqueous base can be used. Removing the film-coating is usually not necessary before crushing the tablets, but it may ease the crushing and further processing. The tablets can be crushed to be used in capsules delivering the right dose. Using a mortar to crush the tablets might result in some loss of the API (Oralia.nl). Caution: when manipulating tablets, be aware of the moiety (e.g. 160 mg chloroquine phosphate equals 100 mg chloroquine base).							
A-Cg <sup>®</sup> 100 tablets	161 mg		Lactose monohydrate				
(Ace Pharma, NL)	Chloroquine phosphate, eq. to 100 mg Chloroquine (base)		maize starch pre-gelatinised maize starch crospovidone magnesium stearate colloidal anhydrous silica				



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Klorokinfosfat film-	160 mg / 250	'	Titanium dioxide	
coated tablets 160	mg Chloroquine		microcrystalline	
mg or 250 mg (RPH	phosphate, eq.		cellulose	
Pharma, SE)	to 100 mg / 155		talc	
	mg Chloroquine		magnesium stearate	
	(base)		colloidal silica	
			basic-butylated-	
			methacrylate copolymer	
			(Eudragit E)	
			macrogol	
			vanilla	
Avloclor <sup>®</sup> tablets	250 mg	'	Maize starch	
(Alliance	Chloroquine		magnesium stearate	
Pharmaceuticals, UK)	phosphate, eq.			
	to 155 mg			
	Chloroquine			
	(base)			
Delagil <sup>®</sup> tablets	250 mg	'	Potato starch	
(Bausch Health, HU,	Chloroquine		colloidal silica	
IR)	phosphate, eq.		magnesium stearate	
	to 155 mg		carbomer	
	Chloroquine		talc	
	(base)		polyvinyl butyral	
Arechin <sup>®</sup> tablets	250 mg	'	Potato starch	Potentially not
(Adamed, PL)	Chloroquine		gelatin	available due to
	phosphate, eq.		magnesium stearate	batches saved for use
	to 155 mg		colloidal silica	in Poland
	Chloroquine			
	(base)			
Aralen <sup>®</sup> film-coated	500 mg		Carnauba wax	
tablets (Sanofi, US)	Chloroquine		colloidal silicon dioxide	
	phosphate, eq.		dibasic calcium	
	to 311 mg		phosphate	
	Chloroquine		hypromellose	
	(base)		magnesium stearate	
			microcrystalline	
			cellulose	
			polyethylene glycol	
			polysorbate 80	
			pregelatinized starch	
			sodium starch glycolate	
			stearic acid	
			titanium dioxide	



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Product	Strength	How to Formulate	Excipients†	Comments
Oral suspension				
Extemporaneous preparation ( <i>Ferreira</i> <u>AO, Polonini HC, Silva</u> <u>SL, et al. J Pharm</u> <u>Biomed Anal</u> <u>2016;118:105-12</u> .)	15 mg/mL Chloroquine phosphate, eq. to 9.33 mg Chloroquine (base)	4.5 g Chloroquine phosphate powder (Fagron US) are weighed and triturated in a mortar; small amount of SyrSpend® SF PH4 liquid cherry (Fagron) is added and mixed to a uniform paste; SyrSpend® SF PH4 liquid cherry is added in geometric portions up to 300 mL and mixed well; fill into low- actinic prescription bottles	SyrSpend <sup>®</sup> SF PH4 liquid cherry 473 mL: Modified starch, <b>sucralose</b> , artificial cherry flavor, sodium benzoate (0.09 %), sodium citrate, citric acid, malic acid, <b>simethicone</b> , purified water	Storage: up to 3 months in amber glass bottle; stable in fridge (2-8 °C) and at room temperature (20-25 °C); no data on microbiological stability
Extemporaneous preparation ( <u>USP-NF</u> )	15 mg/mL Chloroquine phosphate, eq. to 9.33 mg Chloroquine (base)	Comminute 3x 500 mg Aralen® tablets; add 15 mL vehicle and mix to a paste; add vehicle stepwise up to 100 mL, filled into tight, light-protected containers	Aralen <sup>®</sup> tablets + OraSweet* : OraPlus* 1:1	Storage: 60 d stability at controlled room temperature or in the fridge
Extemporaneous preparation ( <u>USP-NF</u> ; <u>Allen, Erickson. Am J</u> <u>Health Syst Pharm</u> <u>1998; 55(18):1915-</u> <u>20</u> .)	15 mg/mL Chloroquine phosphate, eq. to 9.33 mg Chloroquine (base)	Comminute 3x 500 mg Aralen® tablets; add 15 mL vehicle and mix to a paste; add vehicle stepwise up to 100 mL, filled into amber plastic vials	Aralen <sup>®</sup> tablets + 1) OraSweet* : OraPlus* 1:1, 2) OraSweet SF* : OraPlus* 1:1, 3) Cherry syrup : Simple syrup NF 1:4	Protect from light; Shake well before use; 60 d stability at 20°C (also stable at 5°C); no data on microbiological stability
Extemporaneous preparation ( <u>Nahata,</u> <u>Pai. Pediatric Drug</u> <u>Formulations, 7th ed</u> .)	16.67 mg/mL Chloroquine phosphate, eq. to 10 mg/mL Chloroquine (base)	Remove film-coating from 4x 500 mg Aralen® tablets by wet paper towel; comminute tablet cores, add small volume of sterile water and mix to a paste; add vehicle stepwise up to 120 mL	Aralen <sup>®</sup> tablets + sterile water q.s., cherry syrup NF	No stability data
Extemporaneous preparation ( <u>Mirochnik M, et al.</u> <u>Pediatr Infect Dis</u> <u>1994; 13(9): 827-8</u> .)	16.67 mg/mL Chloroquine phosphate, eq. to 10 mg/mL Chloroquine (base)	Remove film-coating from 2x 500 mg Aralen® tablets and comminute tablet cores; remove film-coating, add small volume of sterile water and mix to a paste; add vehicle stepwise up to 60 mL; filled into amber glass bottles	Aralen® tablets + Sterile water for irrigation NF, cherry syrup q.s.	Storage: up to 4 weeks in amber glass bottle; stable in fridge at 5°C, at room temperature and at 29°C (poor justification by data)

API=active pharmaceutical ingredient. BCS=biopharmacetuical classification system

<sup>+</sup>Excipients raising concern for children in bold

\*OraSweet: Purified water, sucrose, glycerol, **sorbitol**, citrus-berry flavor, citric acid, sodium phosphate, methylparaben, potassium sorbate OraSweet SF: Purified water, glycerol, **sorbitol**, sodium saccharin, xanthan gum, flavor, citric acid, sodium citrate, methylparaben (0.03%), **propylparaben (0.008%)**, potassium sorbate (0.1%).



OraPlus: Purified water, microcrystalline cellulose, carmellose, xanthan gum, κ-carrageenan, calcium sulfate, trisodium phosphate, citric acid, sodium phosphate, dimethicone, methylparaben, potassium sorbate.

Cherry Syrup NF: cherry juice, sucrose, ethanol (2%), purified water.

Syrup NF: sucrose (85%), purified water.

## Not marketed

Resochin tablets by Bayer (DE, PT), contains 250 mg phosphate salt eq. to 155 mg chloroquine (base); **maize starch**, talc, magnesium stearate; hypromellose, macrogol 4000, **titanium dioxide** 

Resochin junior tablets by Bayer (DE), contains 81 mg phosphate salt eq. to 50 mg chloroquine (base); **maize starch**, talc, magnesium stearate; hypromellose, macrogol 4000, **titanium dioxide** 

Choloroquine phosphate injectable solution by Labesfal - Laboratórios Almiro, S.A. (PT), contains 250 mg/ 5 mL; sodium chloride, water for injection